Amendments to the Claims under Revised 37 C.F.R. § 1.121

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims

- 1. (Currently amended) [[A]] <u>An isolated nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence</u> encoding a human *hiwi* gene <u>having a nucleotide sequence that encodes an amino acid sequence</u> identified by SEQ ID No. 2.
 - 2. (Cancelled)
- 3. (Withdrawn) A homogeneous composition of a human *hiwi* gene product having a molecular weight of about 90 kilodaltons and an amino acid sequence identified by (SEQ ID No.: 2).
- 4. (Currently amended) [[A]] <u>An isolated nucleic acid hybridization probe</u> comprising a nucleotide sequence identified by SEQ ID No. 1.
- 5. (Original) A recombinant expression construct comprising a nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence encoding a human *hiwi* gene according to Claim 1, wherein the construct is capable of expressing the human *hiwi* gene product in a transformed culture of eukaryotic or prokaryotic cells.
- 6. (Original) A recombinant expression construct according to Claim 5 wherein the human *hiwi* gene has a nucleotide sequence that encodes an amino acid sequence identified by SEQ ID No.: 2.
- 7. (Original) A cell culture transformed with the recombinant expression construct of Claim 5 wherein the transformed cell culture expresses the human *hiwi* gene.
- 8. (Original) A cell culture transformed with the recombinant expression construct of Claim 6, wherein the transformed cell culture expresses the human *hiwi* gene.
- 9. (Original) A method of screening a compound for modulating human *hiwi* gene activity in cells expressing the human *hiwi* gene product, the method comprising the steps of:

- transforming a host cell with a recombinant expression construct encoding a human hiwi gene according to Claim 1, wherein the cells of the transformed cell culture express the human hiwi gene product; and
- (b) assaying the transformed cell culture with the compound to determine whether the compound modulates activity of the human *hiwi* gene product.
- 10. (Cancelled)
- 11. (Original) A method of Claim 9 comprising the additional step of:
- (c) comparing the compound's modulation of human *hiwi* gene activity with modulation mediated by additional compounds that are known to modulate human *hiwi* gene activity.
- 12. (Currently amended) [[A]] <u>An isolated</u> nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a human *hiwi* gene that hybridizes to a nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence identified by Seq. ID No. 1, under conditions of 37°C in a buffer comprising 50% formamide, 1% sodium dodecyl sulfate, 5X SSC, 50µg/mL denatured salmon sperm DNA, and 5X P-buffer comprising 0.25M Tris, pH 7.5, 0.5% sodium pyrophosphate, 0.5% SDS, 1% bovine serum albumin, 1% polyvinylpyrrolidone and 1% Ficoll.
- 13. (Currently amended) [[A]] <u>An isolated</u> nucleic acid according to claim 12, wherein the nucleic acid hybridizes to a nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence identified by Seq. ID No. 1, under washing conditions of 10 minutes at room temperature in a wash solution of 2X SSC/ 1% SDS, followed by 10 min at 60°C in 2X SSC/ 1% SDS, followed by 5 min at 60°C in 0.5X SC/ 1% SDS.

14-16. (Cancelled)

- 17. (Currently amended) A method for identifying a compound that induces or increases hiwi gene expression in mammalian cells, the method comprising the steps of:
- a) culturing a mammalian cell under conditions wherein the cell does not express the *hiwi* gene or expresses an amount of the *hiwi* gene product insufficient to repress cell proliferation,

wherein the hiwi gene is a hiwi gene according to claim 1;

- b) contacting the cell with a test compound for a time period;
- c) assaying the cells at intervals during the time period for *hiwi* gene expression and cell proliferation or apoptosis; and
- d) identifying compounds that induce *hiwi* gene expression, and concomitantly decrease cell proliferation or increase the percentage of cells undergoing apoptosis or both.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the cells are human cells.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the cells are leukemia cells or hematopoietic stem cells.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the cells are human leukemia cells or human hematopoietic stem cells.
- 21. (Original) A method for increasing retention of primitive CD34⁺ hematopoietic stem cells in an *in vitro* bone marrow or peripheral blood culture, the method comprising the step of culturing the bone marrow or peripheral blood culture in the presence of a compound identified by the method of claim 17.
- 22. (Original) A method for increasing retention of primitive CD34⁺ hematopoietic stem cells in an *in vitro* bone marrow or peripheral blood culture, the method comprising the step of introducing into the primitive CD34⁺ hematopoietic stem cells a recombinant expression construct according to claim 5.
- 23. (Original) A method according to claim 22, wherein the recombinant expression construct comprises a retroviral or lentiviral vector.
- 24. (Original) A method according to claim 22, wherein expression of the hiwi gene product by the recombinant expression construct is inducible expression.